

Simplify. Visualize. Build.



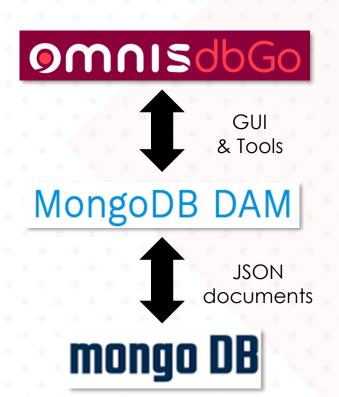
Introduction of Omnis dbGo – the fast lane to MongoDB development

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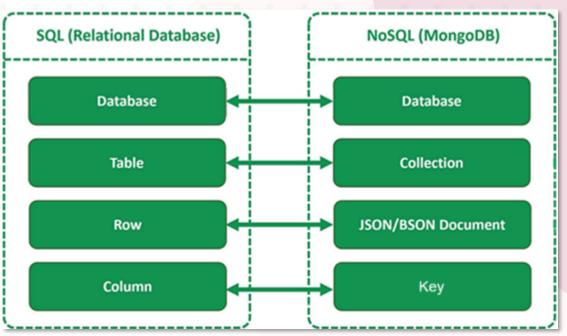
Omnis dbGo

What is dbGo?



- Powerful tool built on top of the **MongoDB DAM** (NoSQL)
- Provides additional features and GUI with visual tools for managing MongoDB databases and for creating queries
- Allows you to quickly and easily create web and desktop applications based on your MongoDB data and queries

RDBMS vs MongoDB (NoSQL) Data Model and Terminology



- Relational DBs store data in Tables (multiple rows)
- MongoDB stores data in Collections (multiple JSON documents)
- Row in a table is equivalent to a JSON document in a MongoDB collection
- A column in a table is comparable to the key of a key-value pair in a JSON document.

RDBMS vs MongoDB (NoSQL) Tables vs Collections



Relational Database



User table

ID	first_name	last_name	cell	city
1	Leslie	Yepp	8125552344	Pawnee

Hobbies table

ID	user_id	hobby
10	1	scrapbooking
11	1	eating waffles
12	1	working

User Collection (JSON Document)

```
{
    "_id": 1,
    "first_name": "Leslie",
    "last_name": "Yepp",
    "cell": "8125552344",
    "city": "Pawnee",
    "hobbies": ["scrapbooking", "eating
waffles", "working"]
}
```

- Relational DBs store data in table columns and rows
- MongoDB stores data as key/value pairs in a JSON document
- No need for data normalization
- No need for joins

RDBMS vs MongoDB (NoSQL) SQL vs MongoDB Query Language(MQL)

SQL	MongoDB
SELECT * FROM users WHERE age > 30;	<pre>db.users.find({ age: { \$gt: 30 } })</pre>
<pre>INSERT INTO users (name, age) VALUES ('Alice', 30);</pre>	<pre>db.users.insertOne({ name: "Alice", age: 30 })</pre>
UPDATE users SET age = 31 WHERE name =	<pre>db.users.updateOne({ name: "Alice" }, { \$set: {</pre>
'Alice'; DELETE FROM users WHERE age < 20;	<pre>age: 31 } }) db.users.deleteMany({ age: { \$1t: 20 } })</pre>
<u> </u>	3.00

Using own proprietary query language

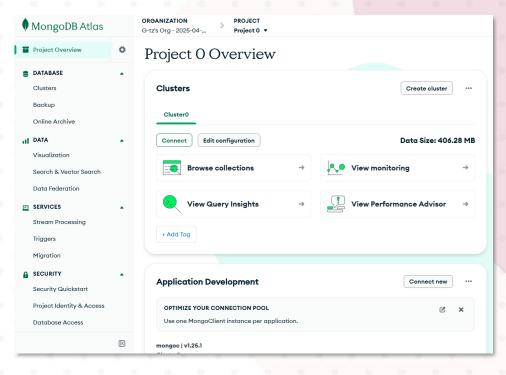
Typical query has three main parts:

- 1. Collection: db.users
- 2. Method: find()
- 3. Condition in JSON format using operators):

({ age: { \$gt: 30 } })

Omnis dbGo

MongoDB Atlas



For a quick start use MongoDB Atlas (cloud solution):

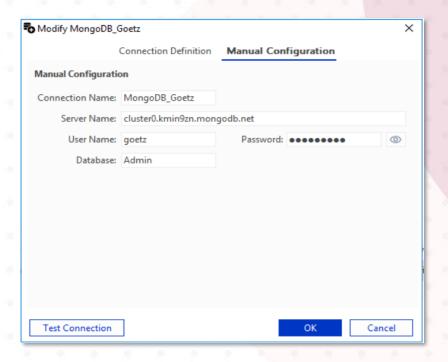
https://www.mongodb.com/products/platform/cloud

- Simple to sign-up
- Offers a free-tier with example collections and data
- You will have your own Host URI, username and password



Omnis dbGo Features

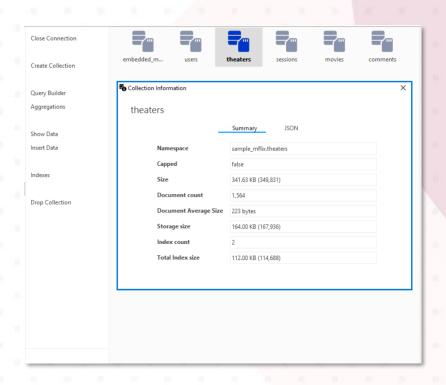
Omnis dbGo Features Connection Manager



Manage database connections

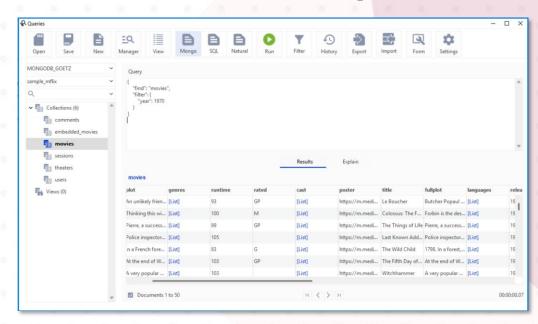
- Setup and open new MongoDB connection
- Open previously defined connections

Omnis dbGo Features dbGo Browser



Manage databases, collections and documents

- View databases, collections and documents
- Create & drop Collections
- Insert or import new JSON documents
- Show & update data in documents
- Add, edit & drop indexes

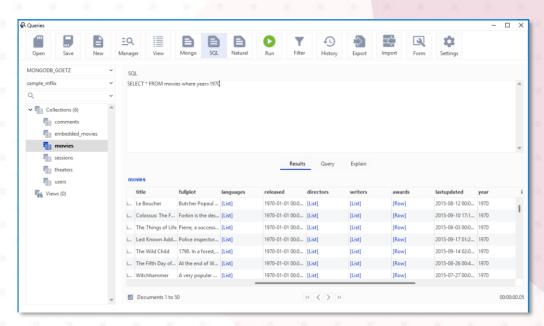


Querying your data

Create and run native MongoDB queries in JSON format, e.g.:

```
{
    "find": "movies",
    "filter": {
        "year": 1970
    }
}
```

Result data is displayed in the window.

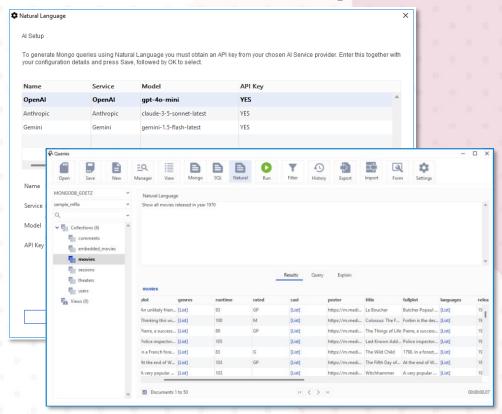


Querying your data

Create standard SQL queries:

SELECT * FROM movies where year=1970

Omnis dbGo will "translate" it into a native MongoDB query.



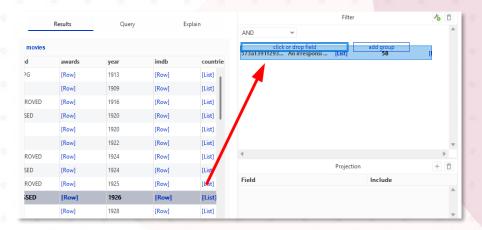
Querying your data

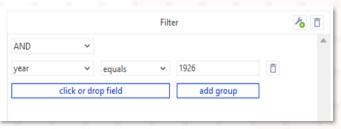
Create queries in natural language (Al enabled):

"Show all movies released in year 1970"

Choose your Al provider and add your API key:

- OpenAl
- Anthrophic
- Gemini

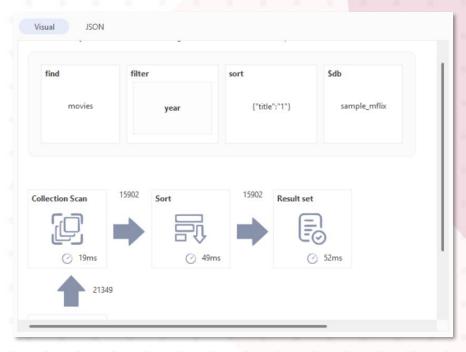




Querying your data

Use visual **Filter Panel** to create queries:

- Add one or more conditions via Drag&drop
- Drag fields from the Results to the Filter panel and choose the operator
- Exclude or include fields from results
- Sort results



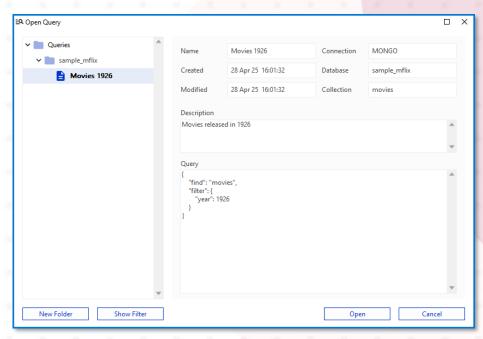
Visualize Queries

Visual **Explain tool** that shows information about your queries in an image:

- Execution plan (how MongoDB resolves query)
- Performance
- Number of documents scanned and returned
- Which index was used

Helps optimize and improve the performance of your queries

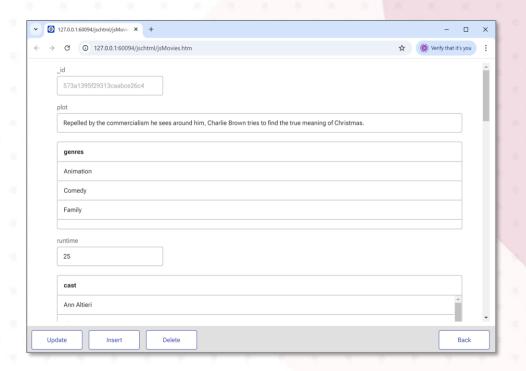
Omnis dbGo Features Query Manager



Query Management

- Save queries
- Open previously saved queries
- Search saved queries by keywords
- Export queries in JSON format

Omnis dbGo Features Form Builder



Generate Forms

- Creates web or desktop application that displays the result data of your queries
- Generates Library with Window or RemoteForm
- Generates the code
- Can be used as basis for further development with Omnis Studio

Omnis dbGo

Versions

dbGo Standard

- Standalone version
- Available for customers without an Omnis Studio 11.2 developer license
- Contains all features, but generated forms cannot be edited or further developed

dbGo Pro

- Add-on for Omnis Studio
- Available to customers with an Omnis Studio 11.2 developer license

Free, time-limited demo version available



Demo



Many thanks